

THE NEW CABINET

Formed by Sagasta Favorable to Reforms in Cuba.

AMNESTY WILL BE GRANTED

To Meet If Not All of the American Prisoners Held in Cuba, and Many Cubans Condemned to Imprisonment Will be Pardoned--The Liberal Policy Also Involves the Removal of General Weyler. The Incoming of the New Cabinet is Welcomed by the Administration at Washington--Autonomy Will be Offered to the Cubans.

MADRID, Oct. 4.--The new Spanish ministry is constituted as follows: Senor Sagasta, president of the council of ministers. Senor Gullon, minister for foreign affairs.

Senor Groibard, minister of justice. General Correa, minister of war. Admiral Berna, minister of marine. Senor Capdepon, minister of interior. Senor Pulgover, minister of finance. Count Xiquena, minister of public works. Senor Moret, minister for the colonies. The ministers, after an informal meeting, proceeded to the palace and took the oath of office.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 4.--One result of the formation of a Sagasta cabinet in Spain, it is believed, will be the granting of amnesty to most, if not all of the American prisoners held in Cuba and the pardon of many Cubans condemned to imprisonment in the island of Ceuta. Pending the completion of the Sagasta cabinet there has been no official intimation that such action would be taken, but it is said to be a natural and necessary part of the new Spanish policy involving the withdrawal of General Weyler, and the adoption of more conciliatory plans. The Committee on prisoners, it is expected, will be released early and Miss Cisneros also.

Concerning pending claims, such as that in the case of Dr. Ruiz, it is said that the commission probably will be proposed to deal with all claims arising during the rebellion, and there are intimations that steps toward the creation of such a commission are now under way.

Although there is continued reticence at the state department concerning Spanish-Cuban affairs, it is understood that the government has been informed that Spain will offer autonomy to Cuba similar to that enjoyed by Canada, and in administration circles the prevalent opinion seems to be that if a full measure of autonomy is offered it should be accepted by the Cubans.

The incoming of the Sagasta cabinet, which several weeks ago was apprehensive of a possible early disturbance of our friendly relations with Spain.

The statements attributed to the new premier that he would favor the largest measure of autonomy has directed attention to the past efforts toward autonomy. Those offered by the conservative cabinet and made known to the United States through the Spanish minister Dupuy de Lome, are contemplated by a council of administration, elected in part by the Cubans, which was to have an advisory power in shaping the affairs of the island. This plan has taken the form of a lengthy decree, which has been already gazetted, although it has never been put into effect in Cuba, owing to the disturbed conditions. The objection found to this plan was that while it was in name autonomy, it did not give real home rule, as the Cuban council was not to be a legislative body with final powers of making laws, but merely an advisory council.

In contrast with this, it is said, that the liberal plan of autonomy as desired by the autonomist party of Cuba, contemplates a colonial parliament, or legislature, with final powers of law making, save the usual power of veto preserved in all forms of constitutional government. This would be on the lines of the home rule operating in Australia and Canada.

LONDON, Oct. 4.--A leading London diplomat, discussing the crisis in Spanish affairs, said to a representative of the Associated Press to-day:

"I believe the change in the Spanish cabinet will result in the recall of Captain General Weyler from Cuba and the substitution of Marshal Blanco for him, because Sagasta (the new premier) personally dislikes Weyler."

"Sagasta will probably discuss Cuba with General Woodford (the United States minister to Spain) in a more conciliatory manner than his predecessor, but he is not likely to do more than that Sagasta has been informed on authority that the Cubans will accept autonomy and the withdrawal of the Spanish troops, although they have protested that they will not do so, but I doubt if Spain will consent to these measures."

A Spanish Victory.

HAVANA, Oct. 4.--It is announced from Spanish headquarters that General Molina, with a detachment of government troops, moved on an insurgent force under Arango, Sagully, Aranguren and Madruga, this province, on the 25th of September. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the Spaniards had captured all the insurgent positions, driving the enemy to seek refuge in caves or jump over high cliffs. The insurgent infantry, which was commanded by Arango and Sagully, left over 100 men killed at the foot of the precipices. The Spaniards, the official report concludes, lost fifteen men killed and had two officers and thirty-five men wounded.

PITTSBURGH MINERS

Met in Convention--Scale Reaffirmed and Levy on Working Miners Ordered.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 4.--A delegate convention of the Pittsburgh district of the miners' association was held to-day for the purpose of settling differences arising since the close of the late strike. There were twenty-five delegates, representing fifty-nine mines, about half river mines.

The first session referring to the scale price had been adopted and the second session was under consideration when adjournment was taken until to-morrow.

MRS. ATKINSON'S TRIAL.

The Case Postponed Until To-day on Account of the Absence of an Important Witness.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE INTELLIGENCER. GLENVILLE, W. Va., Oct. 4.--Interest in Mrs. George W. Atkinson's trial remains unabated since the decision of Judge Blizard over-ruling the demurrer. Both sides have been busily engaged preparing for trial on the merits of the case. It had been set for hearing this morning, but when court convened the state, by Attorney Bennett, asked for a continuance until noon, because of the absence of an important witness. At noon the attorney for the defense stated that they were ready and asked for a speedy trial. The prosecution again asked for a continuance, and by agreement the case was set for to-morrow morning.

George W. Davidson, of Lewis county, is the prominent witness for the prosecution, whose absence is causing the delay. It is alleged that he is ill at home. A rule and an attachment was placed in the hands of an officer, and accompanied by a physician, the officer left here this evening to bring the witness here if possible.

Mrs. Atkinson, accompanied by Mrs. Mary Goff, of Clarksburg, entered the court room this morning at the opening hour, and remained during the proceedings. The governor was also present. Both sides seem confident and developments are eagerly awaited.

DIXON-SMITH FIGHT.

The Latter Gets a Decision in the Twentieth and Last Round.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 4.--Before the Dixon fight to-night at Woodwards Pavilion, it was announced that Jimmy Lawler, of San Francisco, and Edward Williams, of Boston, would box ten rounds for a decision. In the early part of the sixth round Lawler, by a succession of hard blows put his man out.

George Dixon stepped into the ring at 9:10. His seconds are Tom O'Rourke and Young Mitchell. Joe Walcott is a bottle holder. Solly Smith entered at 9:14, accompanied by Tim McGrath, Tom Lansing and Spider Kelly. George Green acted as referee.

Time was called at 9:21. The men are allowed to hit in the clinches with one arm free.

In the twentieth and last round Smith forced the fighting and punched George on the body and head with his right. In the mixes Smith had all the best of the fighting. George Green, the referee, had no hesitancy in awarding the decision to Smith. The decision was received with no signs of dissatisfaction, still Green agreed to have a decision by the audience. Still had the men not agreed to have a decision whether both men were on their feet at the finish or not, a draw would not have been a bad decision.

The fight was not a remarkably fast one, the men taking no chances except in two or three rounds when Dixon attempted to force matters. Smith, however, who has greatly improved since he got Dixon had all the better of the fighting, using his right with great effect, both on the body and head. Smith was cool throughout the fight and came out without a mark of any kind. His blocking and ducking of Dixon's leads were the features of the fight and kept him out of harm's way.

SIX PERSONS KILLED

At a Railroad Crossing--Were on Their Way to Pick Cotton.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 4.--A special to the Post Dispatch from Willow Springs, Mo., says: A passenger train on the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis railway, ran into a wagon, containing seven persons, at Dead Man's Cut, three miles north of here, at 9 o'clock this forenoon, instantly killing six and fatally injuring the other one.

Those killed were: Philip Wooten, Philip Wooten, Jr., Amanda Wooten, Dora Wooten, Mrs. Francis Malbro, infant child, four months old. Philip Wooten's wife is so badly hurt she cannot live.

The train was stopped and the remains of the dead and injured were brought here. Conductor Halla says proper signals for crossing were given, but they were not heard. The crossing is considered one of the most dangerous in the country, being a curve and a heavy grade. The bodies are now in charge of the coroner here. The persons killed live in Texas county, Mo., and were on their way to Arkansas to pick cotton.

Pan-Handle Train Wrecked.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 4.--A special to the Dispatch from Piqua, O., says: The Pan-Handle passenger train No. 21, west bound, was wrecked two and a half miles east of this city this morning. The train was coming down grade at the rate of forty miles an hour and in crossing the frog of the Jordan switch fell the track.

Eli Carroll, of Logansport, the engineer in charge, was hurled fifty feet and fell on a portion of his cab.

Fireman John Baird, of Logansport, was pitched seventy-five feet over into a field.

The engineer sustained a terrible scalp wound, remaining unconscious for some time. The fireman was hurt internally. Both were brought to this city and placed under the care of a physician.

C. S. McGown, the baggage-master, whose home is at Logansport, was injured about the hip as the result of being pinned between the trucks.

Greater New York's Campaign.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.--To-day arrangements were completed for the Henry George mass meeting at Cooper Union to-morrow night.

At the Cooper Union meeting Mr. George will make his speech of acceptance and present a platform on which he will make the run for mayor. Mr. George was officially endorsed for mayor at a meeting to-night of local assembly No. 1563, Knights of Labor, and the executive committee of the People's League, the local organization of the Populist party, nominated Mr. George for mayor.

The National Democrats and the Citizens' Union of Kings county, in the present campaign, will, it is announced, work in harmony and support a county ticket headed by Seth Low.

Will Take the Philadelphia's Place.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.--The Philadelphia, which has been at Honolulu, has been ordered home and the Baltimore will take her place as flagship of the Pacific station. Nearly all the officers have been detached from the Philadelphia and ordered to the Baltimore. Among them are Captain H. M. Dyer, Lieutenant A. G. Winterhall, Lieutenant W. G. Brown, Lieutenant E. B. Conant, Ensign H. N. Hayward, W. B. Whitely and M. J. McCormack, passed assistant engineer W. P. Winchell, assistant engineer H. B. Price, assistant engineer H. P. Cone, Lieutenant Commander B. Blockinger and Lieutenant William Braunerreuter have also been ordered to the Baltimore.

THE INJUNCTIONS

Issued by Judge Jackson Conflict With Internal Revenue

BRANCH OF THE GOVERNMENT.

The Order of the Court Restrains Anybody From Performing the Duties of Store-keeper Ruckman and Gauger Berry, and as they were Dismissed from Service by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for Gross Insubordination the Hannis Distillery at Martinsburg, was Compelled to Close Down--A Badly Mixed Up Situation.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE INTELLIGENCER.

MARTINSBURG, W. Va., Oct. 4.--Acting under instructions from the secretary of the treasury at Washington, Internal Revenue Collector A. B. White to-day closed the Hannis distillery here, pending the decision of Judge Jackson on a motion to perpetuate the injunction, enjoining the collector from assigning to duty at the distillery any officers other than those employed there. In explanation Collector White had this to say: "In accordance with regulations and customs the commissioner of internal revenue made usual changes in assignments of officers at the large distillery plant of the Hannis distilling company, J. G. Ruckman, a Democrat, who had served as head store-keeper for September was transferred. John D. Sutton, a Republican, reinstated two months ago as a Union soldier, was pointed head store-keeper. William Butler, Democrat, who had been additional store-keeper for three months, was not assigned. H. C. Berry, Democrat, a gauger, on September 29 had his assignment revoked, and Franklin T. Thayer, Republican, a Union soldier, was assigned as gauger by the commissioner in his place.

"On September 29 Judge Jackson, of the United States district court, on application of Mr. Butler, who was erroneously described as a gauger, enjoined me from assigning any one to Butler's place, and enjoining everybody from performing the duties of the office, the motion to perpetuate the injunction to be heard at Clarksburg on October 6. On October 1 Judge Jackson issued two more injunctions of the same sweeping character, enjoining any one from performing the duties of either store-keeper J. G. Ruckman or Gauger Berry. Store-keeper Sutton and Gauger Thayer reported at the distillery October 1, in accordance with their assignments, and I saw them duly installed. No injunction papers had been issued on them. Later such papers were served. As everybody but Ruckman, Butler and Berry was enjoined, and as the secretary of the treasury on October 2 suspended Butler and Berry from office for gross insubordination, the distillery, which has several million dollars' worth of whiskey in bond, cannot be supplied with gaugers to withdraw goods, neither can the necessary store-keepers and gaugers be furnished to allow the distillery to operate, which it had started to do October 2. So orders were issued by the revenue department to-day to close it down, which has been done pending the result of the injunction hearing.

The distillery had not been running for ten months, and had just started for a long run, having received heavy orders with the return of prosperity. The government official and myself have been on the ground for several days, but have respected the injunction, and the deputy marshal who took possession has left. The claim of the complainant is that a transfer of their duties or a non-assignment to duty is a violation of civil service rules. The government will resist the injunction to the last."

REPRESENTATIVE MOORE DEAD.

He Represented Monroe County Ohio in the Last Legislature.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE INTELLIGENCER.

WOODSFIELD, O., Oct. 4.--Hon. John Moore, Monroe county's representative in the Ohio legislature, died at his home in this township this afternoon, of consumption, after an illness of many months. For almost a year he has been gradually growing weaker. A week or ten days ago he gave up, put his affairs in shape and gave directions concerning his funeral. While an eccentric gentleman in many particulars, he was a profound thinker and a good reasoner. He gave science a great deal of attention and was perhaps the peer of any man in the state in that particular branch of study. While serving in the legislature he stood by the interests of the farming communities and the common classes in every walk of life. He was sixty-four years of age, married, and leaves a widow and several children. His remains will be interred in the Buchanan church cemetery to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The Independent Order of Odd Fellows will have charge of the funeral.

Will Try to Effect a Settlement.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE INTELLIGENCER.

STUEBENVILLE, Ohio, Oct. 4.--Word comes from Dillonvale to-day, where the miners are out on a strike, in which Long Run miners joined because the company refused to allow John Harker to act as checkweighman, that Receiver Blikeneder announces that the company will close the mines down sooner than allow Harker to act. District miners officials will try to effect a settlement.

Pensions and Postmasters.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE INTELLIGENCER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.--Pensions have been issued to West Virginia applicants as follows: Original--Sylvanus G. Bennett, Elizabeth.

Renewal--Robert S. Peters, Limestone; Lawrence Nelson McGee, Schota; Widow--Lucinda Wilson, Jake's Run; Jane Brown, Kinkwood.

Certificate of original pension has been issued also to Gordon Workman, Steubenville, Ohio.

Two West Virginia postmasters of the fourth class have been commissioned as follows: William P. McKeever, Falling Spring, Greenbrier county; Edwin L. Mitchell, Madison, Boone county.

Three postmasters in Greene county, Pa., have also been commissioned: R. Lee Huffman, at Harvey's; Albert E. Davis, at Jollytown, and Mrs. M. M. Atford, at Fairley.

Killed His Wife, Shot Himself.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.--During the progress of a quarrel to-day William McCabe an advertising agent, living at 84 Wells street, murdered his wife by cutting her throat with a razor. He then made what is expected to prove a successful attempt at suicide by shooting himself in the left breast and through the head. Jealousy is supposed to have been the motive for the crime.

M. E. CONFERENCE.

Routine Business Transacted--Mannington Selected to Entertain the Conference Next Year.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE INTELLIGENCER.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Oct. 4.--The Methodist Episcopal conference convened in session at 9 a. m. with Bishop Mallaleu in the chair. The secretary read the minutes of Saturday's session and after some corrections they were adopted. Rev. F. N. Lynch in an able way spoke in the interest of the conference camp meeting, asking for a co-operation of all the ministers. Five new trustees were elected. The propriety of starting a sanitarium in connection with the camp meeting was discussed at some length and was finally recommended. Dr. Langerseth, of Charleston, is the leading spirit of the movement.

A resolution placing the Methodist Episcopal Times and making it the paper of the conference, was read by Rev. D. L. Ash, and adopted.

The board of stewards made their report through Rev. A. A. Nichols. The amount of \$4,389 was distributed among the worn-out ministers and the widows. Rev. J. B. Feather, who is one of the oldest and most honored men of the conference, and who has served the church for forty-five years, was placed on the supernumerary list.

Revs. L. H. Jordan and A. Mick, and Governor G. W. Atkinson, Hon. M. A. Kendall and Judge T. P. Jacobs were elected trustees of the conference seminary.

Grafton and Mannington were placed in nomination for the place of entertaining the next annual conference. Each of the places was well recommended, and after a close and spirited contest, Mannington was selected by a majority of six votes. It was then made unanimously by an enthusiastic vote.

The afternoon was largely devoted to the hearing and receiving of reports of various kinds. In the evening, Rev. Dr. George C. Wilding delivered a lecture under the auspices of the Epworth League. The doctor gave one of his very entertaining talks.

YELLOW FEVER.

Situation Somewhat Improved at New Orleans, but Worse at Edwards.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 4.--For twenty-four hours, closing at midnight, there had not been a single death recorded in the office of the board of health. Yesterday there had been thirty-one new cases reported and at 7 o'clock to-night, twenty-two were reported since nine o'clock last night. Yesterday there were nearly two hundred premises under surveillance, in which yellow fever had been declared to exist and in some of the houses there were four or five cases, yet not a single one had proved fatal in twenty-four hours. The result was that to-night the death rate had fallen to a trifling excess over 10-13 per cent, and the prospects for an early stamping out of the disease has been considerably brightened.

Six days have passed since Ocean Springs has had any yellow fever. If the present immunity from disease continues until Friday, the board of health will officially declare the Mississippi resort free from fever. Ocean Springs was the first to contract the disease and will probably be the first to get rid of it.

JACKSON, Miss., Oct. 4.--The following report was received from Dr. Dunn, at Edwards, Miss., at 5 p. m.:

"The situation here is fairly good, considering the circumstances. There have been reported eighteen new cases, seven whites and eleven colored, ten cases seriously ill, two with black vomit, two deaths. Rev. Father Prendergast is doing nicely."

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 4.--Seven new cases and one death was reported for to-day. C. F. More, 234 Springfield avenue, was the only fatal case. Total 93. Deaths, 14. Discharged 51. Remaining under treatment, 28.

EDWARDS, Miss., Oct. 4.--Up to 10:30 a. m., three new cases of yellow fever have been reported. M. A. Moss, whose name appears in the list of new cases, has been acting mayor on account of Mayor Redfield's illness. There is only one member of the city council on his feet to-day.

The fever seems to grow more violent every day and a relapse is one of the worst features to be feared. Several deaths have been caused by them.

Mrs. W. C. Redfield, Jr., died about 11 o'clock. This is the second death in the Redfield family.

A DETERMINED PASTOR.

Building a Church Parsonage Under Protection of a Shotgun.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 4.--Rev. R. J. Kellogg, pastor of a little congregation at church in Denverside, not far from East St. Louis, on the Illinois side of the river, is building a parsonage under the protection of a double barreled shotgun.

The Rev. Kellogg was formerly pastor of the Summit Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, of East St. Louis. He put \$500 of his money into the Denverside building and was ordered to turn it over and go elsewhere. The Congregationalists bought the church and he was made its permanent pastor.

He wanted a parsonage. The congregation was too poor to build him one. He said he would build it himself, with what help he could get from the congregation and others. Last Monday a week ago, A. C. Palmer, an officer of the carpenters' union, demanded that no non-union men be employed and that union men be taken in their places.

"I have no objection to employing union men," said Rev. Kellogg, "but I will not discharge my neighbors to make places for work alone on the parsonage. Mr. Kellogg has been assaulted by a gang of seven men, who compelled him to discontinue work for the time being. He secured a shotgun and hereafter he will take it to the building and keep it handy for use should another attack be made on him. These facts became known public to-day when Rev. Kellogg went to East St. Louis and applied for warrants.

Sudden Death of Warner Bateman.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.--Mr. Warner M. Bateman, one of the best known lawyers of Cincinnati, died suddenly at the Riggs house in this city to-day. He arrived here yesterday apparently in good health with Mr. M. Mihalovich, of the Cincinnati distilling firm of Mihalovich, Fletcher & Co., their mission being to see government officials regarding a claim for several thousand dollars growing out of the distilling business of the firm named. This morning Mr. Bateman was taken suddenly ill and died within a half hour.

TAKEN A NEW TURN

Expert Testimony in the Luetgert Trial is Dropped.

WAS TIRESOME TO THE JURY.

And Practically a Repetition--The Defense Has Now Turned Its Attention to Impeaching the Evidence of Witnesses for the State--Luetgert May be Called to the Stand To-Day--Another Woman Found Who was Taken for the Wife of the Sausage Maker--Three More Weeks of the Trial in Sight.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.--An unexpected turn of affairs occurred in the Luetgert trial during the afternoon session of court. The defense suddenly dropped its line of expert testimony and put on witnesses to impeach the evidence of witnesses for the state. It was apparent that ex-Judge Vincent, chief counsel for the defense, had at last tired of the expert evidence. The testimony of each succeeding witness was practically a repetition. Nothing was being gained while the record of the case was being swelled with a volume of technical medical verbiage. For a week bones had rattled before the jury, and eminent experts had disputed about them. The controversy had become tiresome to the jury. The counsel for the defense observed this and stopped. Dr. Reise may be called upon to tell of the result of another experiment, but the real story of the experts as to femurs, metacarpals, temporals and other bones has been told.

This afternoon ex-Judge Vincent, Attorney Phalen, Arnold Luetgert and others who are interested in the defense had a consultation as to whether or not Luetgert should go on the witness stand. At the close of the conference to-night ex-Judge Vincent said he had not decided upon the matter. It was intimated that Luetgert might be called to the witness stand to-morrow. In fact, it is expected he will be. State's Attorney Densen sought information upon this point to-night, but learned only that counsel for the defense would announce their decision to-morrow morning. It is known that ex-Judge Vincent would rather that Luetgert remained off the witness stand. Attorney Phalen, his associate, desires that the big sausage maker tell his story to the jury. Luetgert is anxious to explain matters and the leading counsel for the defense seems to fear the prisoner will talk too much if he goes on the stand, and thus injure his case.

The turn taken in the proceedings to-day permitted counsel to get a line upon the probable length of time it will require to finish. State's Attorney Densen said to-night that three weeks more ought to see the end of the case. During the afternoon session, Professor Eakley was recalled a second time and admitted that upon one occasion he did say that Professor Dorsey, whose evidence he testified against, was one of the best men the state could have procured as an expert.

Professor William Hale, of the Northwestern Dental College, and expert in chemistry, gave testimony with reference to the action of potash upon false teeth and the plates to which they are attached. It was his opinion that the potash solution in the vat in which Mrs. Luetgert's body is said to have been disintegrated, was not of sufficient destructive power to seriously affect the teeth, but it would undoubtedly either destroy or greatly damage the mouth plates.

David Victor, a carpenter, who lives in the vicinity of the Luetgert factory, was called upon to tell whether he had ever observed Mrs. Luetgert in a sad or morose condition of mind. He said he had not. She was always cheerful and happy when he saw her.

"How many times have you seen her cheerful and happy?" asked State's Attorney Densen.

"Oh, I don't know," answered the witness.

"Well, about two hundred and seventy-five times?" urged the questioner.

"Not so many."

"Well, two hundred and seventy-four times, then?"

"Yes, that's about right."

"So are you. You may go," said the state's attorney, and the cheerful witness stepped down.

Druggist H. F. Krueger, at whose store, at Claybourne and Ashland avenues, Frank Blak bought a bottle of Hunyadi water on the night of May 1, explained that there are sixteen different varieties of this mineral water, and Blak called for a bottle of the variety for which Luetgert had expressed a preference. Thus it was sought to be shown why Luetgert sent for the water when he had forty-nine bottles of the water in his factory.

Frank Celsler, who was employed in the grocery department of Luetgert's sausage factory, testified of seeing Luetgert around the factory during the forenoon of May 2, as usual. The sausage maker seemed to be in his usual frame of mind, according to the witness.

There is a rumor to the effect that a woman has been found at Lincoln, Ill., who will go on the witness stand and testify that she was the woman seen by the police and others at Keposha, Wis., on May 3, 4 and 5, Captain Schuetzler had at talk with this woman on Sunday.

Refused to Celebrate With Anarchists.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.--Anarchists who are arranging for a demonstration in memory of the men executed for the Haymarket massacre have dropped a bomb, so to speak, into the council of the Chicago Federation of Labor, by asking for the official endorsement and co-operation of union labor. The invitation stirred up a half hour's violent debate. The executed men were declared to have been both the brothers and the enemies of man as fast as succeeding speakers could get the floor and express themselves. At length the high council of union labor went upon record by repudiating any implied fraternity between unionism and anarchy and flatly refused to take any part in the coming exercises. The invitation to take part in the memorial services was rejected by a vote of about four to one. After the vote a majority of the anarchistic element left the hall in a body. The anarchists will hold the memorial meeting as usual, but it is expected the gathering will be a tame affair.

Pope in Excellent Health.

ROME, Oct. 4.--The pope, despite all reports to the contrary, is in excellent health. The Observatore Romano this evening says: "The bad weather of the past four days has prevented the pope from continuing his walks in the garden of the Vatican. On Friday afternoon the pope received the members

from several distinguished families and on Saturday afternoon he received over a hundred Italian and foreign visitors. On Sunday he admitted fifty visitors to his celebration of mass."

ONE HUNDRED BUILDINGS BURNED

At Austin, Pa., and Five Hundred People Are Rendered Homeless.

AUSTIN, Pa., Oct. 4.--Fire broke out this afternoon at 2:45 in Weed's livery barn, on Turner street, and in five hours every building in the town but five was leveled to the ground. Turner street was the principal residence street of the town, and the loss is a sad blow. Probably 500 people are to-night homeless. The fire was started by a load of hay being run into a gas jet. The load was backed into the barn and the team left standing while the driver was preparing to unload. The team started, and thus the second great fire in the history of this village came about.

In all about 100 buildings were burned, mostly residences. Among the larger losses is the Methodist and the Presbyterian churches, the opera house, Welch's meat market, Helwig's drug store, Gallup's livery and Weed's livery. The loss is placed by insurance experts at from \$150,000 to \$200,000.

It was found necessary to blow up the wooden building occupied as a drug store by George Helwig, in order to keep the fire from the mills. A south wind was blowing and carried the fire to the Methodist church and parsonage; thence the Presbyterian church and new opera house. Then the flames turned toward the long line of wooden dwellings, mostly occupied by employees of the big Goodyear saw mills, and soon eighty buildings had been burned to the ground.

The only protection of the town was the fine private system of the Goodyears. This system did great service in saving the business blocks, hotels and the Buffalo & Susquehanna railroad property. All the four hundred employees of the mills were set to work fighting the fire. A special train was run from Costello, a neighboring village, carrying all the fire apparatus which could be procured in that town, together with several willing and sturdy fire fighters who did excellent work in subduing the flames. Turner street is the street on which all the selling houses were situated. To-night it is a smoldering mass of ruins. Only five dwelling houses are left in the town. Fully five hundred persons are taking refuge in the few business houses on Main street. The train was also infested by a gang of toughs from outside places to-night, and it is feared that considerable of the property saved will fall into their hands.

Insurance men who are upon the scene of the disaster, place the loss at from \$165,000 to \$225,000.

Forest Fires at Manitoba.

WINNIPEG, Man., Oct. 4.--Reports continue to pour in from all parts of the province of destruction by prairie fires.

In some districts not a farmer escaped loss by the fiery wave that swept over the country. Appeals were made from the city churches last night for aid for those who sustained loss in the bush country east of the city. This was where the two women and five children lost their lives and many other families had their homes and possessions destroyed. Several families lost homes, crops and live stock, and as they are new settlers, are left destitute.

On Saturday afternoon fire ran to within one hundred yards of one of the principal residential portions of the city, south of the Assiniboine and firemen had to be called out to beat out the threatening flames.

Marsh Fires at Chicago Junction.

CHICAGO JUNCTION, Ohio, Oct. 4.--The fire on the New Haven marsh is still spreading. Although no special damage has resulted within the past few hours, close to three hundred and fifty acres have been burned over. Nothing but a roadway prevents the fire from entering a new territory which is far more valuable than the tract of land already burned. Being covered with many buildings and valuable crops farmers are hauling water to be used in case the flames get across the roadway. Everything possible is being done to keep the fire within a certain territory, but unless rain comes soon, dire results will surely follow.

Many Buildings Burned.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 4.--An Enquirer special from Georgetown, O., says: Fire this afternoon destroyed the following buildings: The News Democrat at \$10,000, fully insured; William Flinn's carriage factory; Charles Gruswald's grocery; Albright & Co., ware rooms; George King's furniture store; George H. Arnold's bakery; A. G. Markley's hardware store; the public school building. Most of these establishments were in the Duffy block. The total loss is probably \$50,000. Insurance other than that mentioned is not known. The fire started in Flinn's carriage factory.

Cleveland Capitalist Arrested.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 4.--Mr. John J. Sh